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WEST Search History

DATE: Monday, December 23, 2002

Set Name side by side	Query	Hit Count	Set Name result set
DB = USPT, PG	PB,JPAB,EPAB,DWPI,TDBD; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
L7	L6 and phosphate	4	L7
L6	L4 and (chewing adj1 gum)	4	L6
L5	L4 and dirt	22	L5
L4	L3 and (remov\$ or clean\$)	103	L4
L3	L2 and (mist or ato\$)	103	L3
L2	L1 and inject\$	282	L2
L1	steam and (cleaning agent)	1097	L1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

WEST Search History

DATE: Monday, December 23, 2002

Set Name side by side		Hit Count	Set Name result set
DB=U	SPT,PGPB,JPAB,EPAB,DWPI,TDBD; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
L8	(134/36 OR 134/30 OR 134/19 OR 134/37 OR 134/21 OR 134/22.15).CCLS. and l2	26	L8
L7	L6 and phosphate	4	L7
L6	L4 and (chewing adj1 gum)	4	L6
L5	L4 and dirt	22	L5
L4	L3 and (remov\$ or clean\$)	103	L4
L3	L2 and (mist or ato\$)	103	L3
L2	L1 and inject\$	282	L2
L1	steam and (cleaning agent)	1097	L1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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Search Results - Record(s) 2 through 11 of 22 returned.

2. Document ID: US 20020011260 A1

L5: Entry 2 of 22

File: PGPB

Jan 31, 2002

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20020011260

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20020011260 A1

TITLE: Automatic empty container return machine equipped with self-cleaning arrangement

PUBLICATION-DATE: January 31, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY RULE-47

Loning, Johann Oldenburg DE Hecht, Siegmar Ilmenau DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 134/104.2

ABSTRACT:

An automatic empty container return machine includes a detection unit operable for identifying whether or not an empty container is of a predetermined category, an input unit located upstream of the detection unit for receiving empty containers to supply the empty containers to the detection unit, an output unit located downstream of the detection unit for receiving empty containers that have been identified by the detection unit as being of the predetermined category, a transport stage having a conveyor for transporting empty containers from the input unit through the detection unit to the output unit, and a self-cleaning arrangement having components integrated with at least one of the input unit, detection unit, output unit and transport stage and being operable at selected times to clean surfaces thereof that are preselected to be cleaned.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWMC
Draw, D	eso li	mage									

3. Document ID: US 6348101 B1

L5: Entry 3 of 22

File: USPT

Feb 19, 2002

US-PAT-NO: 6348101

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6348101 B1

TITLE: Methods for treating objects

DATE-ISSUED: February 19, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Walter; Alan E.

Exton

PA

US-CL-CURRENT: 134/1; 134/10, 134/11, 134/30, 134/31

ABSTRACT:

An object is treated by contacting it with an organic solvent and then <u>removing</u> the organic solvent by directly displacing it with a fluid comprising a drying vapor (e.g., isopropyl alcohol or IPA vapor) such that substantially no liquid droplets of organic solvent are left on the surfaces of the object to evaporate after the direct displacement of the organic solvent with the fluid.

27 Claims, 4 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 4

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KOMC
Draw, D	eso Ir	nage									

4. Document ID: US 6339165 B1

L5: Entry 4 of 22

File: USPT

Jan 15, 2002

US-PAT-NO: 6339165

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6339165 B1

TITLE: Fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine, and a process for the

preparation thereof

DATE-ISSUED: January 15, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Endo; Toshio

Ohtake

JP

Daito; Terumasa

Sakai

J₽

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>554/227</u>; <u>516/27</u>, <u>516/28</u>, <u>516/29</u>

ABSTRACT:

Disclosed are a fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine containing more than 70% of a fatty acid monoester which is defined by a specified analysis method, a process for the preparation thereof, a process for the preparation of a highly-purified fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine, and a highly-purified fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine having an oxirane oxygen concentration of below 100 ppm which is defined by a specified analysis method.

The fatty acid esters compositions of a polyglycerine are useful as additives for a variety of food-stuffs, additives for a variety of thermoplastic resins, and as additives for a variety of cosmetics or detergents.

12 Claims, 27 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 27

Fuli	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments
Draw, D	eso li	mage							

KWIC

5. Document ID: US 6278008 B1

L5: Entry 5 of 22

File: USPT

Aug 21, 2001

US-PAT-NO: 6278008

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6278008 B1

TITLE: Fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine, and uses thereof

DATE-ISSUED: August 21, 2001

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY Endo; Toshio Ohtake JP Daito; Terumasa Sakai JP

US-CL-CURRENT: $\underline{554/227}$; $\underline{426/329}$, $\underline{426/330}$, $\underline{426/331}$, $\underline{426/334}$, $\underline{516/DIG.1}$, $\underline{516/DIG.2}$,

516/DIG.6

ABSTRACT:

Disclosed are a fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine containing more than 70% of a fatty acid monoester which is defined by a specified analysis method, a process for the preparation thereof, a process for the preparation of a highly-purified fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine, and a highly-purified fatty acid esters composition of a polyglycerine having an oxirane oxygen concentration of below 100 ppm which is defined by a specified analysis method.

The fatty acid esters compositions of a polyglycerine are useful as additives for a variety of food-stuffs, additives for a variety of thermoplastic resins, and as additives for a variety of cosmetics or detergents.

24 Claims, 27 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 27

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments
Drawu D									

KMIC

6. Document ID: US 6207780 B1

L5: Entry 6 of 22

File: USPT

Mar 27, 2001

US-PAT-NO: 6207780

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6207780 B1

TITLE: Interpolymers of unsaturated carboxylic acids and unsaturated sulfur acids

DATE-ISSUED: March 27, 2001

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY CITY NAME DE Stockhausen; Dolf Krefeld Krefeld DE Klimmek; Helmut DE Kleve Krause; Frank DE Krefeld Berghahn; Matthias

US-CL-CURRENT: 526/287; 510/276

ABSTRACT:

The present invention relates to water-soluble polymers built up of

- a) monoethylenically unsaturated dicarboxylic acids and/or their salts,
- b) monoethylenically unsaturated monocarboxylic acids and/or their salts,
- c) monounsaturated monomers which, after hydrolysis or saponification, can be converted into monomers having a hydroxyl group covalently bonded at the C--C-chain,
- d) monoethylenically unsaturated sulfonic acid groups or sulfate groups-containing monomers, and optionally
- e) further radically copolymerizable monomers,

with the sum of the monomers of a) to e) amounting to 100%.

The present invention further relates to a process for the production of these polymers by radical polymerization and hydrolysis in aqueous medium, and to the use of these polymers as additive or cobuilder in detergents and <u>cleaners</u>, in the pretreatment of cotton, as bleaching stabilizers, as auxiliary agent in textile printing, and in the manufacture of leather, as well as for the inhibition of water hardness, and as dispersing agent as well as detergents and cleaners.

3 Claims, 0 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments
Draw D	eso li	nage							

KWAC

7. Document ID: US 6156472 A

L5: Entry 7 of 22

File: USPT

Dec 5, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6156472

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6156472 A

TITLE: Method of manufacturing electrophotographic photosensitive member

DATE-ISSUED: December 5, 2000

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY
Nara			JP
	Nara Nara Nara	Nara Nara Nara	Nara Nara Nara

US-CL-CURRENT: 430/128; 430/127

ABSTRACT:

To provide an electrophotographic photosensitive member manufacturing method capable of preventing a substrate from corroding in working of the substrate and obtaining a high-quality image free from image defects and image density unevenness, the method of manufacturing an electrophotographic photosensitive member comprises the step of forming a functional film made of an amorphous material on the surface of an aluminum substrate by reduced-pressure vapor deposition, wherein the surface of the substrate is cleaned with the water containing an inhibitor as a specific component before the step of forming an electrophotographic photosensitive member.

45 Claims, 10 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 7

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments KMC |
Draw. Desc | Image |

8. Document ID: US 6143087 A

L5: Entry 8 of 22

File: USPT

Nov 7, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6143087

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6143087 A

TITLE: Methods for treating objects

DATE-ISSUED: November 7, 2000

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Walter; Alan E. Exton PA

US-CL-CURRENT: 134/1; 134/10, 134/11, 134/30, 134/31

ABSTRACT:

An object is treated by contacting it with an organic solvent and then <u>removing</u> the organic solvent by directly displacing it with a fluid comprising a drying vapor (e.g., isopropyl alcohol or IPA vapor) such that substantially no liquid droplets of organic solvent or drying vapor are left on the surfaces of the object to evaporate after the direct displacement of the organic solvent with the fluid.

23 Claims, 4 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 4

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments KWC Draw Desc Image

9. Document ID: US 5891584 A

L5: Entry 9 of 22

File: USPT

Apr 6, 1999

US-PAT-NO: 5891584

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5891584 A

TITLE: Coated article for hot hydrocarbon fluid and method of preventing fuel thermal degradation deposits

DATE-ISSUED: April 6, 1999

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Coffinberry; George A. West Chester OH

US-CL-CURRENT: 428/552; 123/668, 123/670, 208/48R, 427/126.3, 427/248.1, 427/255.21, 427/255.36, 428/553, 428/565, 585/950

ABSTRACT:

Articles for hot hydrocarbon fluid wherein the surface for contacting the fluid is a diffusion barrier material or a catalytic material coated on a metal substrate. The material is either catalytically-inactive tantalum oxide which inhibits the formation of coke in the fluid or catalytically-active zirconium oxide which promotes the formation of a loosely adherent coke in the fluid while inhibiting the formation of gum in the fluid. The coating materials, i.e., the diffusion barrier coating material and the catalytic coating material, are deposited by chemical vapor deposition (CVD), e.g., by effusive chemical vapor deposition of an organometallic compound on the surface without the use of carrier gas, without pre-oxidation of the surface and without thermal decomposition of the diffusion barrier material or the catalytic coating material. The articles having the coated surfaces find utility in components subjected to high temperatures wherein the components are in contact with hydrocarbon fluids without additives, without special attention to quality control and without the need for special processing.

13 Claims, 11 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 7 Number of Drawing Sheets: 6

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	KWIC
Drawi D		mage								

10. Document ID: US 5823210 A

L5: Entry 10 of 22

File: USPT

Oct 20, 1998

US-PAT-NO: 5823210

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5823210 A

TITLE: Cleaning method and cleaning apparatus

DATE-ISSUED: October 20, 1998

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY
Inada; Minoru Yokohama JP
Imajo; Yasutaka Hachioji JP
Uchino; Masahide Tokyo JP

US-CL-CURRENT: 134/105; 134/102.3, 134/108, 134/131

ABSTRACT:

A part subjected to <u>cleaning is cleaned</u> or rinsed with a <u>cleaning agent</u> or rinsing agent having a nonaqueous type solvent or a hydrophilic solvent as a main component thereof. Then the <u>cleaning agent</u> or rinsing agent adhering to the <u>cleaned</u> or rinsed part subjected to <u>cleaning is removed with a cleaning agent</u> having perfluorocarbon as a main component thereof or the vapor of the <u>cleaning agent</u>. The part is subsequently dried. Otherwise, after the part subjected to <u>cleaning has been cleaned</u> with an aqueous type solvent or wash with water, the part is <u>cleaned</u> and dried with a <u>cleaning agent</u> having perfluorocarbon as a main component thereof or the vapor of the <u>cleaning agent</u>. The <u>cleaning agent</u> having perfluorocarbon as a main component thereof or the vapor of the <u>cleaning agent</u>.

19 Claims, 10 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 9



11. Document ID: US 5805973 A

L5: Entry 11 of 22

File: USPT

Sep 8, 1998

US-PAT-NO: 5805973

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5805973 A

TITLE: Coated articles and method for the prevention of fuel thermal degradation

deposits

DATE-ISSUED: September 8, 1998

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Coffinberry; George A. West Chester OH Ackerman; John F. Cheyenne WY

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{US-CL-CURRENT: } \underline{428/551}; \\ \underline{427/255.28}, \\ \underline{427/255.31}, \\ \underline{428/552}, \\ \underline{428/553}, \\ \underline{428/553}, \\ \underline{428/565}, \\ \underline{585/950}, \\ \end{array} , \\ \underline{427/255.19}, \\ \underline{427/255.19}, \\ \underline{427/255.21}, \\ \underline{428/565}, \\ \underline{585/950}, \\ \end{array}$

ABSTRACT:

Articles for hot hydrocarbon fluid wherein the surface for contacting the fluid is a metal oxide, amorphous glass or metal fluoride diffusion barrier material coated on a metal substrate. The metal oxide, amorphous glass or metal fluoride is deposited by chemical vapor deposition (CVD), e.g., by effusive CVD of an organometallic compound on the surface without the use of carrier gas, without pre-oxidation of the surface and without thermal decomposition of the diffusion barrier coating material. Examples of coating materials deposited by effusive CVD are SiO.sub.2, TiO.sub.2, spinel and Al.sub.2 O.sub.3. The articles having the coated surfaces find utility in components subjected to high temperatures wherein the components are in contact with hydrocarbon fluids without additives, without special attention to quality control and without the need for special processing.

21 Claims, 19 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 14 Number of Drawing Sheets: 10

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments
Draw, D	esc	Image							

KWIC

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Term	Documents
DIRT.DWPI,TDBD,EPAB,JPAB,USPT,PGPB.	104578
DIRTS.DWPI,TDBD,EPAB,JPAB,USPT,PGPB.	1180
(4 AND DIRT).USPT,PGPB,JPAB,EPAB,DWPI,TDBD.	22
(L4 AND DIRT).USPT,PGPB,JPAB,EPAB,DWPI,TDBD.	22

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